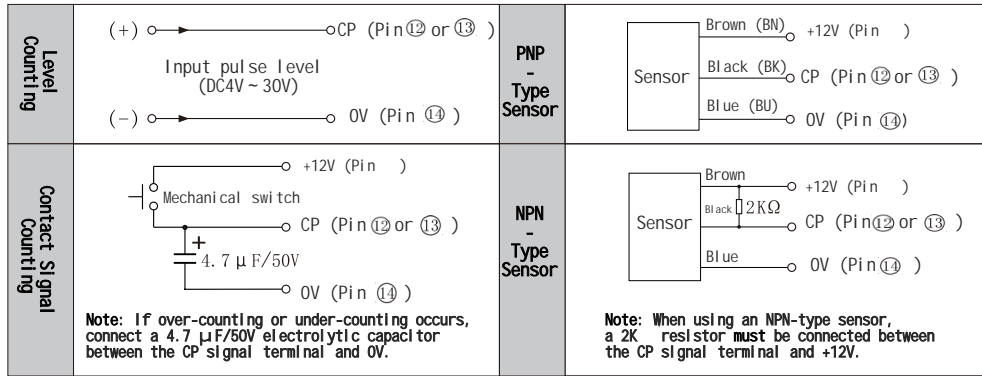
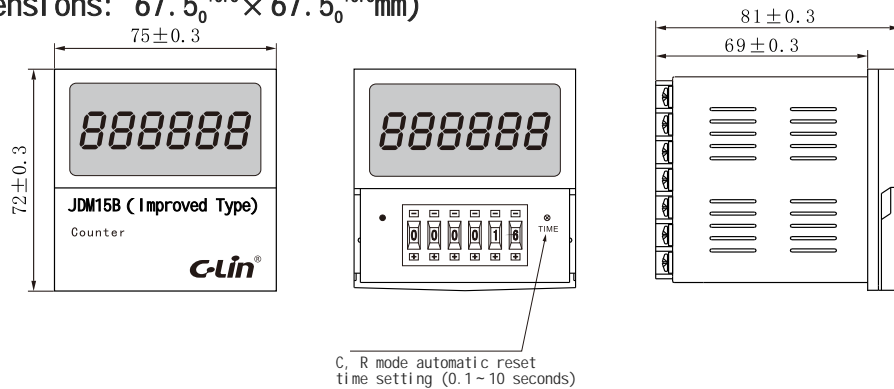


VI. Counting Signal Input



Note: It is recommended to use a DC (10~30V) PNP normally open photoelectric switch or proximity switch as the first choice. If an NPN-type sensor is used, connect a 2K external resistor as shown in the diagram above. (Each counter is randomly provided with two 2K resistors and two 4.7 μF/50V electrolytic capacitors at the time of factory shipment.)

VII. Outline and Installation Dimension Drawing (Mounting Hole Dimensions: $67.5_0^{+0.5} \times 67.5_0^{+0.5}$ mm)



VIII. Function Description of Selection Switches

- C Mode:** K1/K3 = ON
N Mode: K1/K3 = OFF
F Mode: K1 = ON, K3 = OFF
R Mode: K1 = OFF, K3 = ON
- No Memory (Power-off Reset):** K2 = ON
Power-off Memory: K2 = OFF
- Low-frequency Counting:** K4 = ON
High-frequency Counting: K4 = OFF
- x1 Rate Addition Counting:** K5/K6/K7 = OFF
x10 Rate Addition Counting: K5/K7 = OFF, K6 = ON
x100 Rate Addition Counting: K5 = ON, K6/K7 = OFF
x1 Rate Subtraction Counting: K5/K6 = ON, K7 = OFF
- Reversible Mode A:** K5 = OFF, K6/K7 = ON
Reversible Mode B: K5/K6 = OFF, K7 = ON
Reversible Mode C: K5/K7 = ON, K6 = OFF

Function Introduction of Switches at the Counter Bottom							
	K1	ON	OFF	K5	K6	K7	Function
K3	ON	C Mode	R Mode	OFF	OFF	OFF	x1 Addition Counting
	OFF	F Mode	N Mode	ON	OFF	OFF	x10 Addition Counting
K2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	x10 Addition Counting
	OFF	No Memory	Power-off Memory	ON	ON	OFF	x1 Subtraction Counting
K4	Low-frequency (30 counts/s)	High-frequency (1000 counts/s)	OFF	ON	ON	ON	Reversible A Counting
			OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Reversible B Counting
			ON	OFF	ON	ON	Reversible C Counting

IX. Usage Instructions

- The counting signal input wires and reset control wires should be as short as possible. Avoid running them in the same conduit or twisting them together with other power lines and power cables. When necessary, use shielded wires, and never input voltage to the reset terminal to avoid damaging the product.
- Preset the required functions and values before use. Changing the set values during operation is ineffective; it is necessary to re-power or reset for the changes to take effect.
- When counting with contact signal input, if false counting occurs due to poor contact or bounce of the input contact, connect a 4.7 μF/50V electrolytic capacitor between terminal 12 or 13 of the counting signal input end respectively. And terminal 14 is connected to the negative pole of the electrolytic capacitor, and terminal 12 or 13 is connected to the positive pole of the electrolytic capacitor.
- x1: Each input of 1 counting signal makes the counter display count as 1;
x10: Every 10 counting signals input make the counter display count as 1;
x100: Every 100 counting signals input make the counter display count as 1.
- Terminal 14 is a contactless output, that is, the open-collector output of a triode, and the maximum current that can pass through is DC30V 100mA.
- The reversible C counting mode can automatically recognize forward and reverse counting. It can be used with the GK-80A (with an accuracy of 1 centimeter) or GK-80B (with an accuracy of 1 millimeter) meter wheel length measuring instrument and rotary encoder produced by our company.

X. Ordering Instructions

When placing an order, the product model, working voltage, and quantity must be specified;
Example: JDM15B (Improved Type) AC220V 800 pieces

4



C-Lin
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国家高新技术企业 浙江省著名商标

C-Lin 欣灵

使用说明书
Products Instructions

JDM15B (Improved Type)
Counting Relay

N/C/F/R Mode

Thank you very much for using C-Lin products.
Please read the instruction manual before use!

Can be used with rotary encoders

29A048P0

3

I. Overview

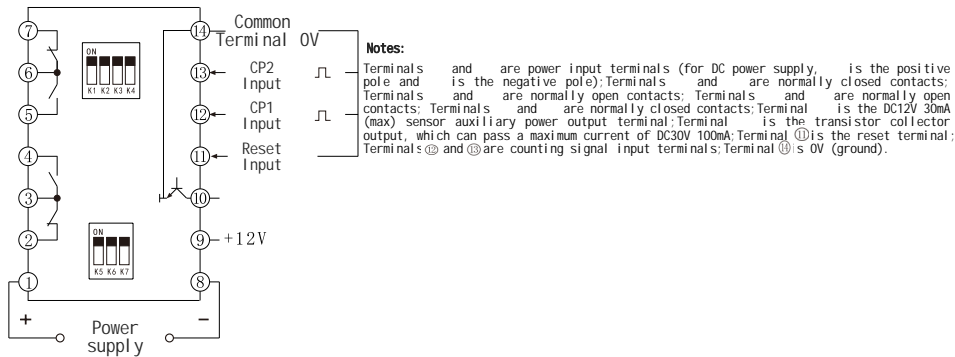
The JDM15B (Improved Type) counting relay is suitable for use as a counting element in control circuits with an AC 50/60Hz power supply, a rated working voltage of 380V and below, or a DC working voltage of 24V. It connects or disconnects circuits according to preset numerical values.

Equipped with a single-chip microcomputer circuit, EEPROM memory, photoelectric isolation for counting signals, and LED digital display, it supports multiplier setting. It features advantages such as a wide counting range, compatibility with multiple counting signal inputs, various output operation modes, up/down counting capability, power-off memory lasting up to 10 years, and stable/reliable counting performance. This product complies with the requirements of GB/T 14048.5.

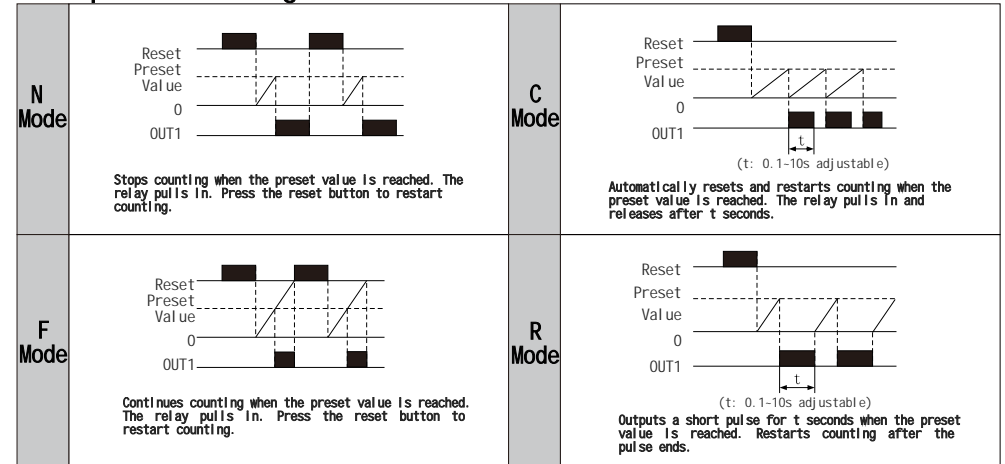
II. Main Technical Data

- Working Voltage (Control Power Supply Voltage) AC380V, 220V, 24V 50/60Hz (allowable voltage fluctuation range: 85%–110% of U_e); DC24V.
- Counting Range: 1–999999 ($\times 1$, $\times 10$, $\times 100$ multipliers).
- Counting Signals: a) Contact signals: Relay contacts, travel switches, etc.
b) Level signals: Pulse level (H: DC4V–30V valid; L: 0–DC2V invalid).
- Sensor signals: Photoelectric switches, proximity switches, Hall switches.
- Counting Frequency: a) Low-frequency counting: 30 times/second (minimum signal pulse width 15ms).
b) High-frequency counting: 1000 times/second (minimum signal pulse width 0.5ms at 50% signal duty cycle).
- Input Modes: Up-counting, down-counting, reversible A/B/C counting.
- Reset Modes: Reset via button switch or short-circuit terminals ① and ⑭.
- Output Modes: N, C, F, R modes.
- Auxiliary Output Power Supply: DC12V, 30mA (max).
- Contact Capacity: 3A AC250V (resistive load).
- U_e/I_e : Rated working voltage U_e /rated working current I_e under utilization category (AC-15): $U_e = AC250V$, $I_e = 3A$.
- Conventional Heating Current (I_{th}): 5A.
- Rated Insulation Voltage (U_i): 400V.
- Rated Impulse Withstand Voltage (U_{imp}): 2.5KV.
- Pollution Degree: Grade 3.
- Protection Class: IP20.
- Ambient Temperature: -5 to +40.
- Relative Humidity: 90%.
- Altitude: 2000m.
- Installation Method: Panel-mounted.

III. Wiring Diagram



IV. Output Mode Diagrams



Note: Modes N and F require manual reset; Modes C and R are auto-reset.

V. Input Mode Diagrams

